## Selected Results of Modern Cattle Farm Survey, the Year 1398<sup>1</sup>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> . It's the Iranian year which usually begins within a day of March 21 of the Gregorian calendar. To find the corresponding year of the Gregorian calendar, add 621 or 622 (depending on the time of the year) to a Solar Hijri year. For example, the corresponding year of the year 1398 in the Gregorian calendar is (20 March 2019-19March 2020).

In the Name of Allah, the compassionate, the merciful

# Verily, He has counted all creatures and He knows their exact number. Holy Quran Sura Maryam, verse 94

# Symbols: —Not collected 000 Not available × Not applicable ×× Not calculable // Negligible \* Provisional \*\* Estimated figure ○ Not for publication (confidential figure)

Where figures are rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the components and the total. All ratios and indices were calculated before rounding.

Iranian months					Christian months
Farvardin					21 March-20 April
Ordibehesht					21 April-21 May
Khordad					22 May-21 June
Tir					22 June-22 July
Mordad					23 July-22 August
Shahrivar					23 August-22 September
Mehr					23 September-22 October
Aban					23 October-21 November
Azar					22 November-21 December
Dey Bahman Esfand	tist	ical	Cen	tre	22 December-20 January 21 January-19 February 20 February-20 March

#### **Preface**

The Fifth Development Plan for the I.R. Iran covers "preserving the production capacity and achieving self-sufficiency in the production of agricultural and livestock products, reforming the consumption pattern according to the nutrition standards, expanding the modern and knowledge-based agriculture, developing the food security infrastructures, and improving the value added of agriculture sector based on sustainable development' considerations. Moreover, emphasis has been also placed on "supporting the increase in animal protein production from livestock, poultry and aquatic animals " as one of the government's responsibilities to ensure food security. It is possible when resources and facilities are used in an optimal and principled way by employing new methods. Since a significant share of the nation's milk and meat is produced in modern farms; therefore, in order to understand how this industry operates and produces returns and planning to increase production, enhance productivity and improve the quality of products in this sector, the availability of statistics and information is inevitable. Regarding the importance of the statistics related to this activity, the Statistical Centre of Iran (SCI) enumerated the modern cattle farms at the national level in the years 1369, 1373, 1381, 1389, and 1392 and published their results. Moreover, the SCI conducted the sample surveys of the modern cattle farms in the years 1375, 1379, 1386, and 1395 and published their results.

Moreover, the plan for updating the list of modern cattle farms was developed in the year1381 and the Ministry of Jihad-e-Agriculture conducted this survey. The Ministry of Jihad-e-Agriculture also conducted the sample survey of modern cattle farms in the year1383 and released its results.

The modern cattle farm survey, conducted in the months of Mehr and Aban of the year 1398, was a complete enumeration aimed at collecting information and statistics on modern cattle farms at the national level. The results of this survey are presented through this publication.

The SCI expresses its appreciation to all colleagues in the Deputies of Statistics and Information in Management and Planning Organizations of the Provinces nationwide for their sincere cooperation in implementing this survey.

We hope the provided information may prove useful to the decision-makers, planners, and, researchers and we can take the most effective steps by employing their comments in producing and providing needed statistical information.

All the information presented in this publication is available at www.amar.org.ir.

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#### Main specifications of the survey

#### **History of the Survey:**

Regarding the importance of statistics in planning, the Statistical Centre of Iran (SCI) enumerated the modern cattle farms at the national level in the years 1369 and 1373 and released the results. Moreover, the SCI conducted the sample survey of the modern cattle farms in the years 1375 and 1379 and disseminated their results. Since the survey frame for the modern cattle farms was old, the SCI developed a plan for updating the list of modern cattle farms in the year 1381 and the Ministry of Jihade-Agriculture implemented this plan. The Ministry of Jihade-Agriculture used this new survey frame and conducted the sample survey of modern cattle farms in the year1383 and released its results. The SCI conducted the modern cattle farm survey in the year1386 by using the sampling method. In the year 1389, the frame for modern cattle farms was updated and released along with some basic information. With respect to the new changes made in this activity after conducting the Iranian targeted subsidy plan and also the need of planners for having accurate data on the activity, the census of the modern cattle farms was conducted in the year 1392. Using the frame of the modern cattle farms survey in the year1392, the modern cattle farm survey was taken in the year 1395 as the sampling. The modern cattle farms survey was conducted as a census mixed with sampling in the year 1398 and its results were disseminated.

#### The Necessity for Conducting the Survey

The Development Plan for the I. R. Iran emphasizes preserving the production capacity and achieving self-sufficiency in the production of livestock products and supporting the increase in the production of animal protein. It is possible when resources and facilities are used in an optimal and principled way by employing new methods. Since a significant share of the nation's milk and meat is produced in modern farms, therefore, in order to understand how this industry operates and produces returns and planning to increase production, enhance productivity and improve the quality of products in this sector, the availability of statistics and information is inevitable. The portion and role of the modern cattle farms products for providing primary materials of dairy industries of the country in one hand and recent fluctuations in the amount of supplying, price and consumption of the dairy and protein products at the national level, on the other hand, has increased the needs for having accurate statistics on this activity. The Survey was conducted to meet the following requirements:

- 1. Providing timely statistics and information on the situation of the modern cattle farms and their production
- 2. Collecting statistical items needed for compilation of national and regional accounts
- 3. Meeting the statistical requirements of the concerned government agencies
- 4. Meeting the statistical requirements of the concerned research organizations
- 5. Comparing the trend of the activity and products of the modern cattle farms in various time (providing time series of activities)

#### **Main Objectives:**

#### A. Overal objectives of this survey:

The overal objective for conducting this Survey was to collect the essential statistics and information needed for the activity of modern cattle farms at national level for planning and adopting the proper policies in this sector.

#### **B. Detailed objectives:**

- The legal status of the nation's modern cattle farms
- The capacity of the nation's modern cattle farms
- The status and type of activity in the nation's modern cattle farms in the years 1397 and 1398
- The number of cattle and calves in the nation's modern cattle farms in the enumeration day by breed
- The number of cattle and calves in the nation's modern cattle farms in the year 1397
- The amount and value of the milk produced in the nation's modern cattle farms in the year 1397 and the first half of the year 1398
- The number and value of the beef cattle in the nation's modern cattle farms in the year 1397 and the first half of the year 1398
- The amount and value of the cattle feed consumed in the nation's modern cattle farms in the year 1397
- The value of payments and receipts of the modern cattle farms in the year 1397
- The value of investments made in the modern cattle farms in the year 1397
- The number of people working in the nation's modern cattle farms in the year 1397

#### Survey method

This survey was conducted as a census mixed with sampling.

#### Statistical population

The statistical population of this survey includes all the nation's modern cattle farms in the year 1398.

#### Statistical unit

The statistical unit for this survey was a modern cattle farm in the year 1398.

#### Statistical frame

The statistical frame of this survey was the list of the nation's modern cattle farms obtained from the census of these cattle farms in the year 1392.

#### Statistical date

The statistical date of this survey, depending on the case of the enumeration day, was the year 1397 and the first half of the year 1398.

#### Survey date

This survey was conducted from 15 of the month of Mehr to 11 of the month of Aban (from October 7 to 2 November 2019).

#### Level of information dissemination

The collected information is released at the provincial level.



Statistical Centre of Iran

#### **Concepts and Definitions**

#### Modern cattle farm<sup>1</sup>

It refers to an agricultural holding where cattle are raised by using common and advanced methods of animal husbandry (in terms of keeping feeding method and principles of animal health) and has a capacity of at least twenty heads.

#### The unit for raising dairy cattle by using the modern method

It is a modern cattle farm in which the cattle is raised and fattened to produce milk. In these cattle farms, the male calves are also kept and fattened.

#### **Fattening**

It refers to the unit of which main activity is livestock farming.

#### The unit for calves fattening

It refers to the unit in which bull calves are raised for weight increase and meat production in a particular period.

#### The actual capacity of the cattle farm

It is the number of cows and calves in the cattle farm that are preserved and raised based on the infrastructures and facilities of the modern cattle farm. This capacity isn't necessarily equal to the capacity cited in the license of the cattle farm and the number of livestock there.

#### **Breed**

It refers to the herd of cattle with common and specific physical and inherited characteristics that transfers these traits to their offsprings genetically. In this survey, the titles of the cattle breed are terms used for this purpose such as Holstein, Brown Swiss, and

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#### **Exotic breed of cattle**

It is a pure foreign breed of cow that has specific and common characteristics and has been bred (genetically improved) for specific objectives; such as Holstein, Jersey, and Brown Swiss breeds.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The term "cattle farm" in this publication refers to the modern cattle farm.

#### Hybrid cattle

It is a cow born by mating a pure breed (father) with indigenous or hybrid cows (mother) and by mating two pure breeds. These matings are in line with the gradual breeding of indigenous cattle and producing new and more productive breeds.

#### **Indigenous cattle**

It refers to an Iranian cow that is adapted to the environmental conditions during continuous years and is resistant to illnesses and environmental pollutants.

#### **Productive herd (breeding herd)**

It refers to the female cattle which has calved at least once. The productive female cattle include dairy cattle and dry-off cattle.

#### Dairy cattle (dairy productive female)

It is a cow that has calved and is lactating its calf.

#### **Dry-off cattle (dry-off female)**

It refers to a cow that has calved and finished its lactation period and also includes those cows whose lactation has stopped for every other reason.

#### Heifer

It is a twelve-month-old calf that has not calved yet.

#### **Breeding bull**

It is a bull that is selected by the herdsman due to having proper physical and genetic charactrestics and is used in natural mating with cows and heifers.

#### Born livestock

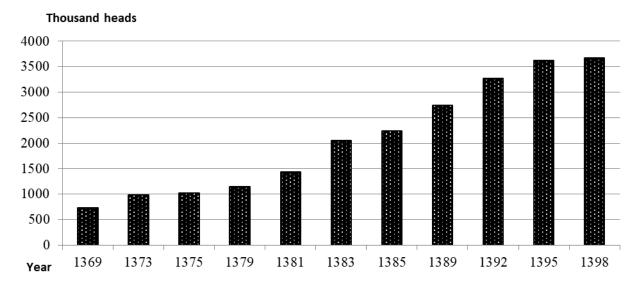
It refers to livestock that was born alive although it has died after birth.

## **Selected findings**

#### Number and capacity of the nation's modern cattle farms

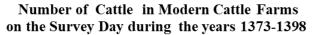
According to the results of the modern cattle farms survey conducted in the year 1389, the total number of modern cattle farms was 27000 units with the capacity of 3.7 million heads of cattle. Out of this number, 17,000 modern cattle farms with the capacity of 2.4 million heads were involved in raising dairy cattle and a number of 10,000 modern cattle farms with the capacity of 1.3 million heads were engaged in fattening of cattle.

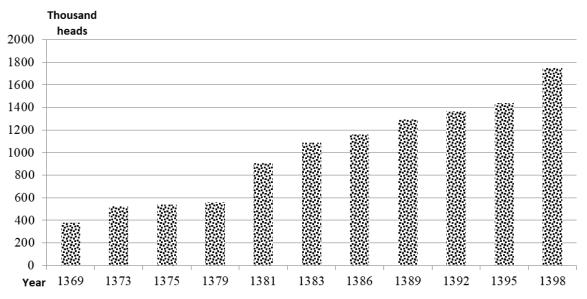
### The Capacity of the Modern Cattle Farms During The years 1369-1398



#### Number of cattle of the modern cattle farms

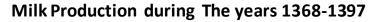
The number of cattle in the modern cattle farms in the autumn of the year 1398 was 1.7 million heads out of which 70.3% were exotic cattle, 23.2% were hybrid cattle and the rest was indigenous cattle.

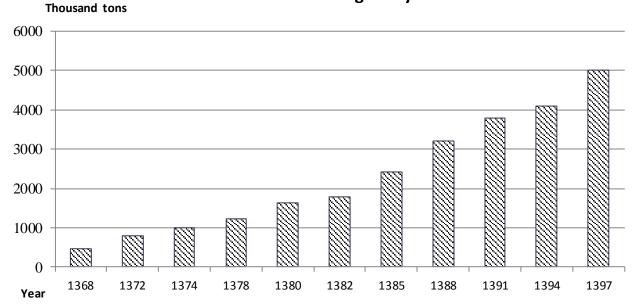




#### The milk production and number of beef cattle in the modern cattle farms

The quantity of the produced milk in the modern cattle farms in the year 1397 was five million tons and the number of beef cattle was 654 thousand heads. Moreover, the quantity of the produced milk and the number of beef cattle for the first half of the year 1398 was 2.6 million tons and 347 thousand heads, respectively.







Statistical Centre of Iran

# **Statistical Tables**

## 1. Number and capacity of modern cattle farms by activity status and province, the year 1398 (head)

	Total		Active		Inactive	
Province	Total		Active		шасиче	
	Number	Capacity	Number	Capacity	Number	Capacity
Total country	26983	3670796	21709	3118303	5274	552493
East Azarbayejan	1011	113383	840	94577	171	18806
West Azarbayejan	517	49780	374	35055	143	14725
Ardebil	426	69 571	219	42 156	207	27 415
Esfahan	2772	400329	2287	354616	485	45713
Alborz	504	125841	415	115251	89	10590
Ilam	115	12359	74	7634	41	4725
Bushehr	348	42000	242	30125	106	11875
Tehran	4205	957401	3513	8 <mark>46</mark> 848	692	110553
Chaharmahal & Bakhtiyari	564	42519	469	37739	95	4780
South Khorasan	504	30969	437	26959	67	4010
Khorasan-e-Razavi	2696	242955	2421	225081	275	17874
North Khorasan	151	10833	141	10543	10	290
Khuzestan	652	92309	526	77729	126	14580
Zanjan	257	43835	166	31760	91	12075
Semnan	1240	115539	949	97274	<b>2</b> 91	18265
Sistan & Baluchestan	137	32303	91	22853	<mark>4</mark> 6	9450
Fars	2153	264875	1716	224055	<b>4</b> 37	40820
Qazvin	634	173172	531	156872	103	16300
Qom.	1008	132129	795	102723	213	29406
Kordestan.	206	30396	159	27788	47	2608
Kerman	811	103945	645	83182	166	20763
Kermanshah	195	42060	130	<b>3319</b> 1	65	8869
Kohgiluyeh & Boyerahmad	135	12835	66	<b>7</b> 922	69	4913
Golestan	470	54339	307	36311	163	18028
Gilan	180	13371	114	9233	66	4138
Lorestan	345	30537	316	28607	29	1930
Mazandaran	421	42116	307	32581	114	9535
Markazi	2438	208360	1885	165319	553	43041
Hormozgan	169	10315	135	8705	34	1610
Hamedan	424	69701	352	57596	72	12105
Yazd.	1295	100719	1087	88018	208	12701

2. Number and capacity of modern cattle farms by type of activity and province, the year 1398

				(head)
Duraninas	Raisi	ing dairy cattle	Fattening	
Province	Number	Capacity	Number	Capacity
Total country	16836	6 2380187	10147	1290609
East Azarbayejan	798	89663	213	23720
West Azarbayejan	382	34188	135	15592
Ardebil	179	36203	247	33368
Esfahan.	2350	364045	422	36284
Alborz	353	110934	151	14907
Ilam	59	5225	56	7134
Bushehr	58	5340	290	36660
Tehran	1260	440734	2945	516667
Chaharmahal & Bak <mark>htiyari</mark>	521	39989	43	2530
South Khorasan	447	27032	57	3937
Khorasan-e-Razavi	2513	226738	183	16217
North Khorasan	105	8470	46	2363
Khuzestan	247	42938	405	49371
Zanjan	154	28950	103	14885
Semnan	784	75470	456	40069
Sistan & Baluchestan	28	6447	109	25856
Fars.	1563	197694	590	67181
Qazvin	324	130951	310	42221
Qom	403	48322	605	83807
Kordestan	117	15775	89	14621
Kerman	644	83533	167	20412
Kermanshah	122	26959	73	15101
Kohgiluyeh & Bo <mark>yerahma</mark> d	71	7278	64	5557
Golestan	422	48784	48	5555
Gilan	130	8605	50	4766
Lorestan	262	20628	83	9909
Mazandaran	$\bigcirc$ 351	35466	70	6650
Markazi	636	65591	1802	142769
Hormozgan	62	3970	107	6345
Hamedan	305	49900	119	19801
Yazd	1186	94365	109	6354

## 3. Number of cattle in the modern cattle farms I on the survey day by breed and province, the year 1398 (head)

year 1370				(neau)
Province	Total	Exotic	Hybrid	Indigenous
Total country	1748554	1229358	405750	113446
East Azarbayejan	46929	33625	12241	1063
West Azarbayejan	15740	13702	1786	252
Ardebil	27 771	21 635	6011	125
Esfahan.	232099	179531	52342	226
Alborz	76016	74498	1252	266
Ilam	3627	3088	514	25
Bushehr	10977	701	9461	815
Tehran	489476	304924	93333	91219
Chaharmahal & Bakhtiya <mark>ri</mark>	24908	22894	2004	10
South Khorasan.		13386	1507	128
Khorasan-e-Razavi	121193	108448	12657	88
North Khorasan	7599	5794	1805	0
Khuzestan	30206	6478	21982	1746
Zanjan	17149	13983	3090	76
Semnan.	44223	30239	12600	1384
Sistan & Baluchestan	8481	1795	6023	663
Fars.	127764	109114	16828	1822
Qazvin	99930	75924	23880	126
Qom.	58606	24887	26887	6832
Kordestan.	13398	12258	619	521
Kerman	31304	29123	2009	172
Kermanshah	21583	20910	561	112
Kohgiluyeh & Boyerahmad	5176	4175	895	106
Golestan		16904	3572	139
Gilan	3226	1506	849	871
Lorestan	14806	10990	2604	1212
Mazandaran	20409	16235	2701	1473
Markazi	80533	38973	39830	1730
Hormozgan	e 3144 m	924	2023	197
Hamedan	28675	26741	1893	41
Yazd.	47970	5973	41991	6

# 4.The milk production and number of beef cattle in the modern cattle farms by province, the year 1397

Б	The year 1397					
Province	Milk production (100 tons)	Beef cattle (head)				
Total country	50041	654463				
East Azarbayejan	1192	19372				
West Azarbayejan	260	6012				
Ardebil	654	10 114				
Esfahan	9731	38558				
Alborz	2449	13428				
Ilam	49	2126				
Bushehr	30	10570				
Tehran	11057	<mark>2611</mark> 01				
Chaharmahal & Bakhtiyari	764	7569				
South Khorasan	482	2765				
Khorasan-e-Razavi	4088	22324				
North Khorasan	170	1432				
Khuzestan	417	20930				
Zanjan	549	4321				
Semnan	1133	17484				
Sistan & Baluchestan	45	4718				
Fars.	4510	35515				
Qazvin	4414	17680				
Qom.	994	40113				
Kordestan.	185	5294				
Kerman	722	<b>5</b> 936				
Kermanshah	762	4141				
Kohgiluyeh & Boyerahmad	182	1757				
Golestan	470	5863				
Gilan	43	1422				
Lorestan	276	6592				
Mazandaran	684	3536				
Markazi	al C <sub>1067</sub> tre	62210				
Hormozgan	28	2209				
Hamedan	940	6076				
Yazd	1695	13295				